

EXPLORATION OF ELECTROMECHANICAL  
DYSSYNCHRONY IN REPAIRED TETRALOGY OF  
FALLOT : COMPARISON OF MECHANICAL AND  
ELECTRICAL ACTIVATION OF RIGHT VENTRICLE BY  
3-DIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS

**E. Testet<sup>1</sup>, X. Iriart<sup>1</sup>, F. Sacher<sup>1</sup>, N. Duchateau<sup>3</sup>, M. Sermesant<sup>4</sup>, P. Mocerì<sup>2,4</sup>,  
J.B. Thambo<sup>1</sup>**

*<sup>1</sup> Centre Hospitalier Universitaire de Bordeaux, Service des cardiopathies congénitales et pédiatriques, France ; <sup>2</sup> Centre Hospitalier Universitaire de Nice, Service de Cardiologie, Nice, France ; <sup>3</sup> CREATIS, Université Lyon 1, France ; <sup>4</sup> INRIA, Sophia Antipolis, France*

# BACKGROUND

- Patients with Tetralogy of Fallot can develop right ventricular (RV) dysfunction
  - Partly related to electromechanical dyssynchrony due to right bundle branch block
  - Aggravated by chronic ventricular volume overload and progressive RV dilatation
- Abnormal mechanical activation pattern
  - Right sided septal flash/ early septal activation
  - Prestretch of laterobasal wall
  - Late contraction of laterobasal wall and post systolic shortening

# BACKGROUND

- Technical limitations of 2D echocardiography for RV analysis
- Interest of 3D analysis of RV :
  - Mechanical : permitted by 3D echocardiography and speckle-tracking
  - Electrical : permitted by endocardial mapping

## OBJECTIVE

- To compare RV electrical activation by endocardial mapping and RV mechanical activation by 3D speckle-tracking
- In order to understand electromechanical dyssynchrony in Tetralogy of Fallot

## METHODS

- Inclusions of 30 patients, over 24 months
- French prospective and multicentric study
- Endocardial mapping : CARTO software, 3D speckle tracking : TomTec 4D RV Function 2.0 software